E-10: Talking points for College Day-Lauretta Eldridge

Talking Points for College Day

Period 1:	Share your experience	Where did you go? How did you choose? How many schools did you attend? How many years to finish? Did you change your major?
Period 2:	Local Colleges	CSUB BC—very inexpensive Taft—small and more individual attention.
Period 3:	Vocational Programs	Maric College-business, medical, legal,etc. Santa Barbara-business San Joaquin-business Lyles-cosmetology ROC-jr. and sr. years in high school
Period 4/5:	Financial Help Available:	GI Bill (College money after serving) Grants (FAFSA)—based upon need Pell Grants (Federal) Cal Grants A, B, and C (Vocational) Loans—personal deferred 'til after grad. parents can borrow also (low rates)
Period 6:	Financial Help Available:	Scholarships from organizations (ethnic or by interest such as ag., arts, music, theater, etc.) Scholarships from colleges (academic and athletic)
Period 7:	Financial Rewards of Education	High school dropout—minimum wage High School graduate\$10 per hour High school plus some college\$10-\$12 per hour. College graduate\$20-\$25 per hour

If you graduate from college, in your lifetime you will earn \$1000 more for every day you were in college. It often takes 4-5 years to graduate if you attend full-time, longer if you go part-time. That is about 600-700 days of class or about \$600,000-700,000 more in your lifetime than if you didn't go to college. That amounts to \$15,000-\$20,000 more per year.